



# 2.4GHz Wireless Access Point

User Guide

**SMC2655W**

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\* SMC will provide warranty service for one year following discontinuance from the active SMC price list. Under the limited lifetime warranty, internal and external power supplies, fans, and cables are covered by a standard one-year warranty from date of purchase.

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## Equipment Checklist

After unpacking the EZ Connect Wireless AP, check the contents of the box to be sure you have received the following components:

- 1 EZ Connect Wireless Access Point (SMC2655W)
- 1 5 VDC power adapter
- 1 Driver, Utility, and Documentation CD-ROM
- This User Guide

Immediately inform your dealer in the event of any incorrect, missing or damaged parts. If possible, please retain the carton and original packing materials in case there is a need to return the product.

The EZ Connect Wireless Access Point is covered by a limited lifetime warranty.

Complete warranty information for all SMC products is available on SMC's Web site at [www.smc.com](http://www.smc.com)

## SMC2655W: Installation Instructions

- 1) Site Location** – Choose a location for your SMC2655W Wireless Access Point. Usually, the best location is at the center of your wireless coverage area, if possible within line-of-sight of all wireless devices.
- 2) Placement** - Put the Access Point in a position that gives it maximum coverage. Normally, the higher you place the antenna, the better the performance.
- 3) Connect the Ethernet cable** – The SMC2655W can be wired to an Ethernet network through an Ethernet device such as a hub or a switch using category 3, 4, or 5 UTP Ethernet cable and an RJ-45 connector.
- 4) Connect the power cable** – Connect the power adapter cable to the 5 VDC power socket on the rear panel.

**Warning:** Use only the power adapter supplied with the SMC2655W.

# Utility Installation

## Windows 98/NT/Me/2000/XP

This section will describe the process for installing the utility program for your SMC2655W Access Point.

**Step 1:** Insert the Utility and Documentation CD.

**Step 2:** Double-click the "My Computer" icon your desktop and browse to your CD-ROM drive. (Note: In most cases, the letter of your CD-ROM drive is D.)

**Step 3:** Open the Utility folder and run the [Setup.exe] file. The following will appear:

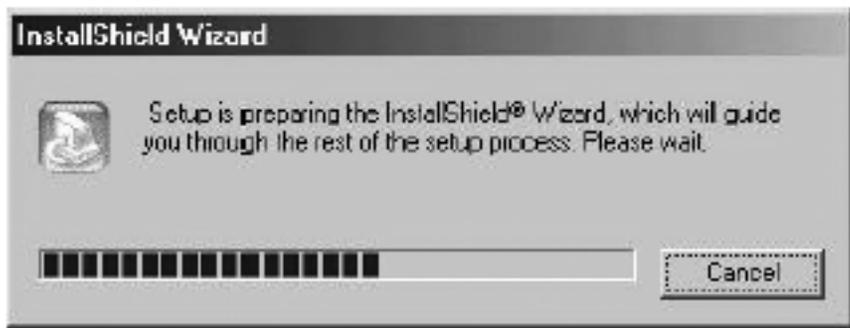


Figure 1.0

**Step 4:** You will be given the option to choose the location where the Configuration Utility will be installed. It is recommended to leave this at the default value. Click [Next >] to continue.



Figure 1.1

**Step 5:** You will be given the option to choose the folder name for the Utility program. It is recommended to leave this at the default value. Click [Next >] to continue.

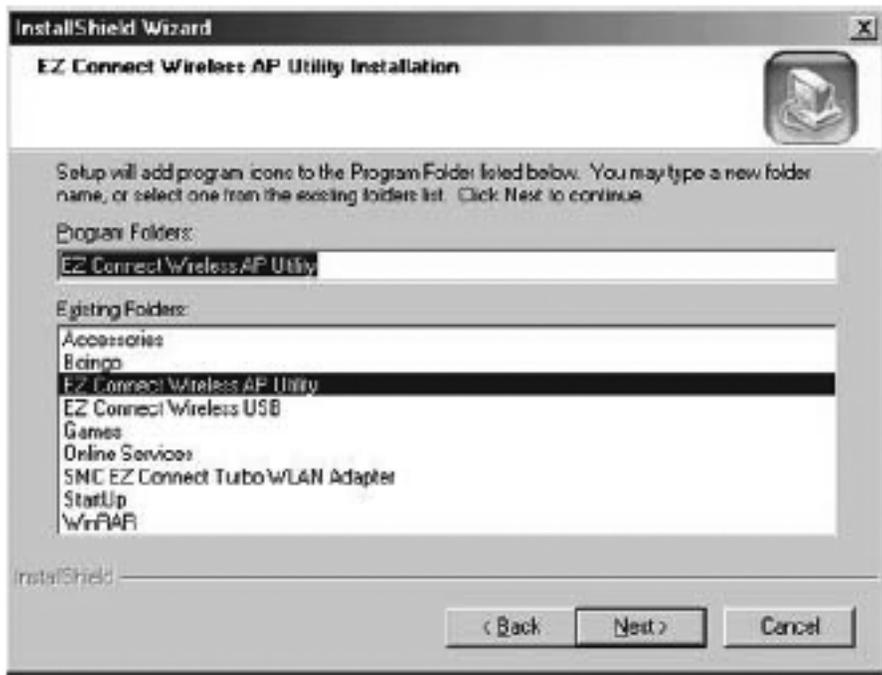


Figure 1.2

**Step 6:** The wizard will finalize the installation.

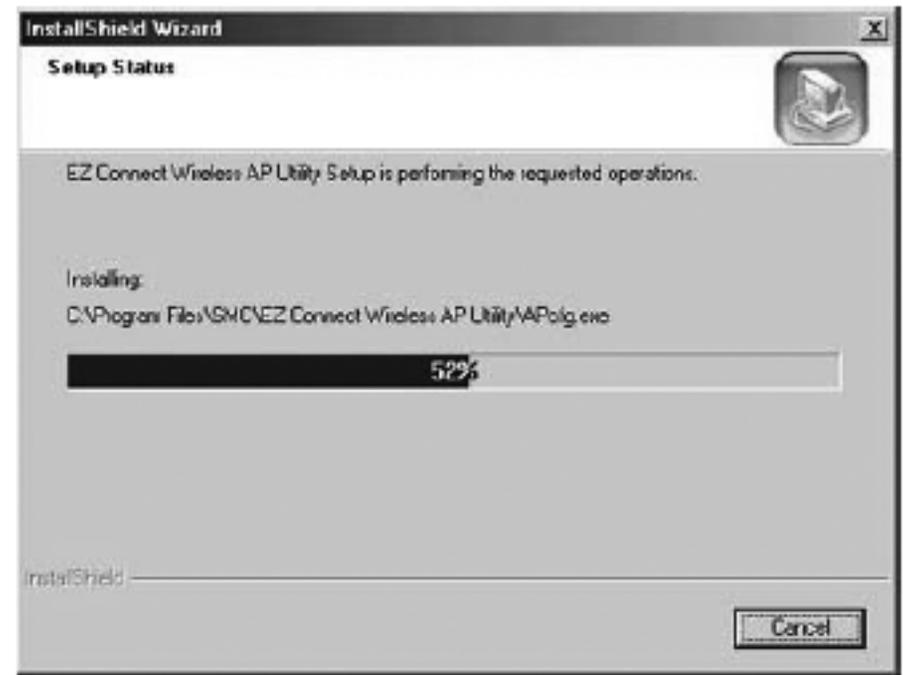


Figure 1.3

**Step 7:** Once the files are installed, you will be given the option of adding a shortcut to the utility in your startup folder. If you click [Yes], Windows will automatically run the utility upon boot up. If you click [No], you will need to browse through the Start Menu in order to run the application.



Figure 1.4

## Utility Configuration (Application-based)

Once you have completed the installation procedure outlined in the [Utility Installation] section of this manual, you can follow the steps below to run the utility program.

Click the [Start] button, go to the [Programs] folder and click [EZ Connect Wireless AP Utility].

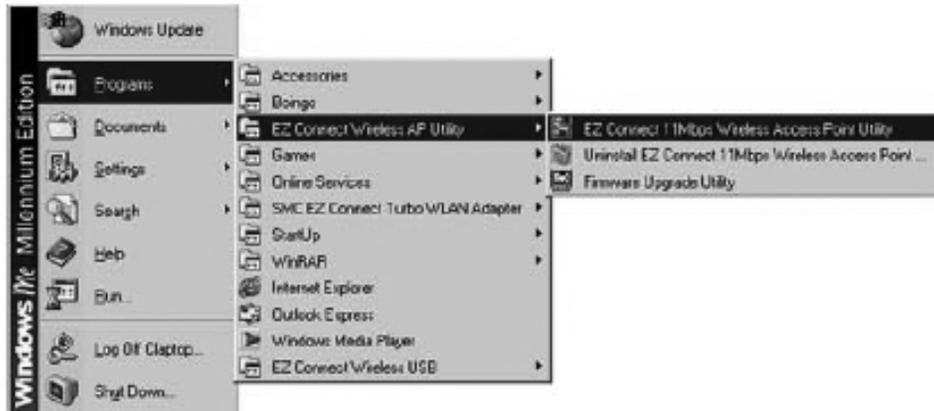


Figure 1.5

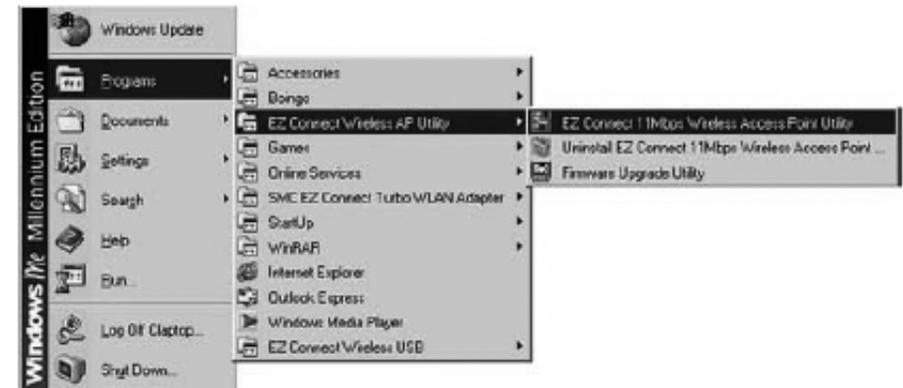


Figure 1.0

Then click the [EZ Connect 11Mbps Wireless Access Point Utility] icon and you should see the following appear on your screen:



Figure 1.1

The utility will automatically scan for your AP. If you do not see the "MiniAP" in the drop down menu, please select the [Browse Again] option from the drop down menu. Then enter the word "default" (all lowercase) for the password. This is the factory default password for the Access Point. Then press [Login] to continue.



Figure 1.2

The screen in Figure 1.2 shows you the information that is currently set on the AP. The default SSID is "WLAN", the default IP address is 192.168.2.50 and the default gateway is 192.168.2.1. This is very important information to note when configuring your wireless network so that it is integrated properly with your existing network. For instance, if your existing LAN is operating on a 10.0.0.1 IP scheme, then you should change the IP address of the Access Point to 10.0.0.x (where x is not equal to 1 and is less than 255). To change these configuration settings, simply click the [Setup] button.



Figure 1.3

Now you can manually specify the IP of your Access Point, the subnet mask, and its gateway. You can also change the SSID to the desired workgroup name and you can change the channel to a specific frequency to avoid wireless interference from other nearby devices. If you select the [Security] option shown below the AP Name, you will see the following screen:

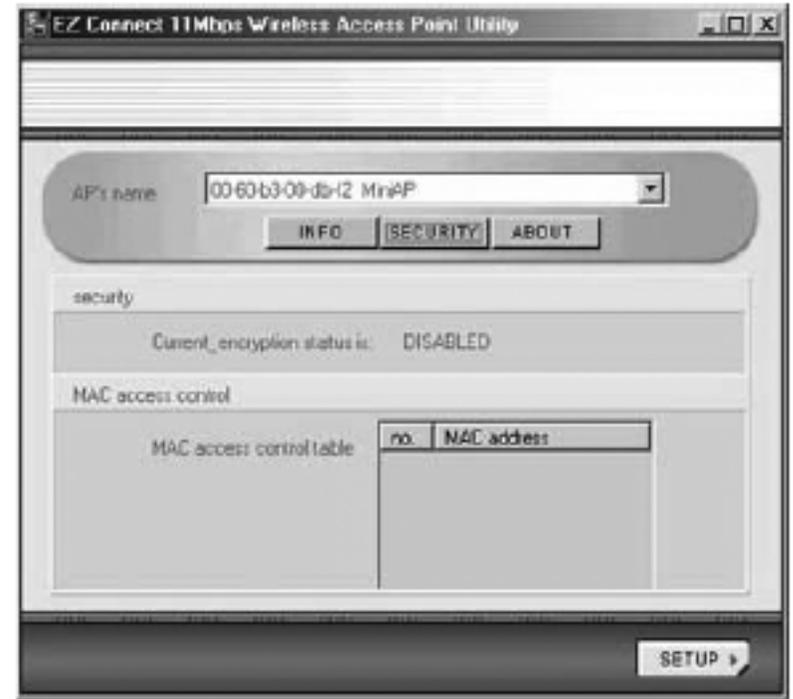


Figure 1.4

After clicking [Setup], you can enable MAC address control or manage the Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) security key. You simply need to select the [WEP 64bit] or [WEP 128bit] options in order to activate the desired encryption. You must manually enter the key.

The SMC2655W Access Point supports Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) in order to secure your wireless network and prevent unauthorized access. For more secure data transmissions, set encryption to "128-bit" or "64-bit". The 128-bit setting gives a higher level of security. The setting must be the same for all clients in your wireless network. By default, the WEP is disabled.

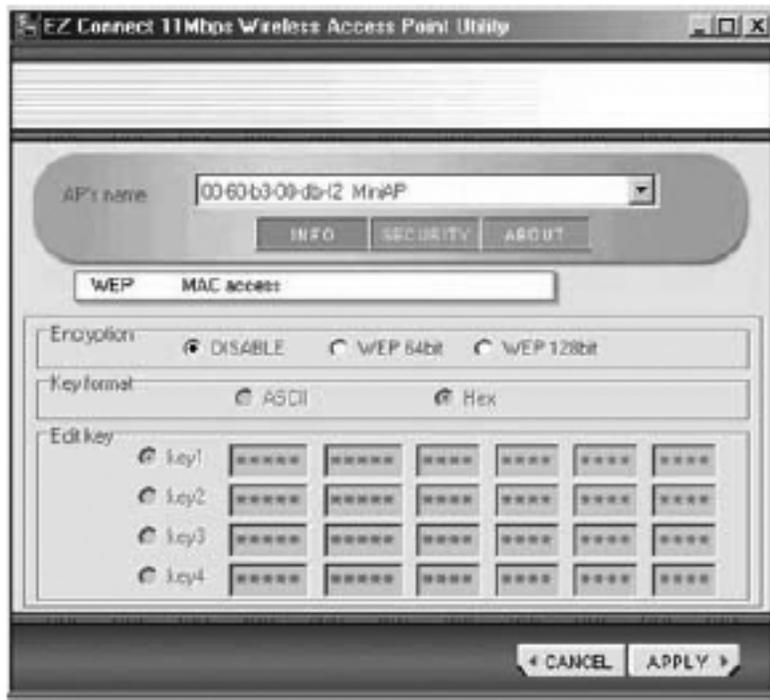


Figure 1.5

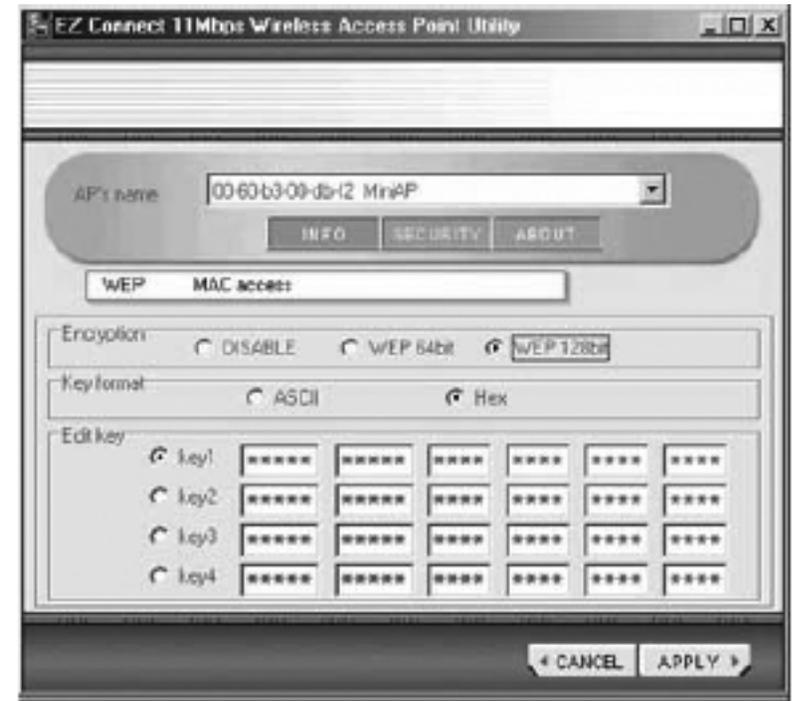


Figure 1.6

For HEX (0-9, A-F) "Key Format", the security is enabled by entering 10-digit keys for the 64-bit WEP configuration, and 26-digit keys for a 128-bit WEP configuration. For ASCII "Key Format", the security is enabled by entering 5-letter keys for 64-bit WEP, and 13-letter keys for 128-bit WEP.

Note that there are 4 different keys to choose from. Choose the Key that has the encryption string you prefer. The wireless clients must be configured in this same fashion.

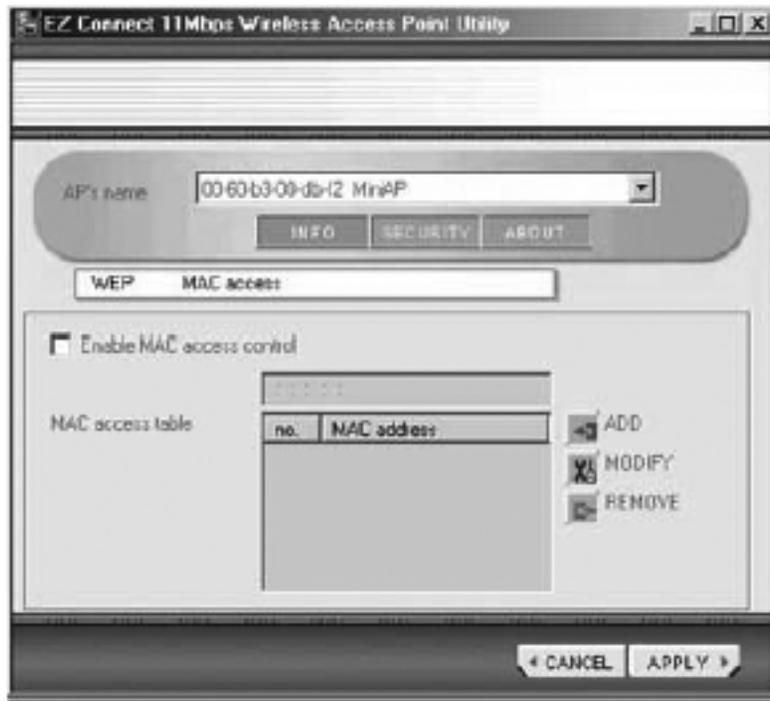


Figure 1.7

The MAC address filtering section, you can decide which wireless devices are allowed to connect to the Access Point by adding the MAC address of the allowed clients. Wireless devices that are not in the table will be effectively denied access. You can enter a maximum of 32 addresses.

Check the [Enable MAC access control] option, and enter the MAC address of the allowed clients. The format is 12 hexadecimal digits (e.g. - 0050BACA6BBC). After you have finished entering the address, click the [ADD] button. Then press the [Apply] button in the bottom right-hand corner to activate the MAC Filtering.

To view the utility version or firmware version, you can go to the [About] section.



Figure 1.8

The table below shows all the default values for this AP:

Setting	Default Value
AP Name	MiniAP
SSID	WLAN
Channel	1
IP Address	192.168.2.50
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.2.1
Encryption	Disabled
MAC Access Control	Disabled
Password	default

## Utility Configuration (Web-based)

The default IP address of the SMC2655W is 192.168.2.50. If you prefer to configure the AP via a web browser rather than the utility program, you can do so by opening your web browser and going to "http://192.168.2.50". You need to be sure that your computer is configured in the same subnet in order to access the Access Point's web management interface. For example, your machine's IP should be 192.168.2.x (where x is not equal to one (1) or fifty (50), but is less than 255).

Once you are able to access the AP, you will need to login by entering the default password. Type in "default" and then press [Login].



Figure 1.0

Once you are logged in, you will be able to view the firmware version, change the IP scheme, change the password and/or configure security options.



Figure 1.1

Click the [Configuration] link on the left and a drop down menu will appear on the page. Then click the [General] option to continue. The "Access Point Name" is simply used to identify the AP. This is not the Service Set Identifier.

The "ESSID" field represents the wireless workgroup name. Your wireless clients must have the same value configured in their network settings. You can also choose the operating radio channel. In the "Administration Parameters" section, you can change the password required for any administrator to log into this AP. Note that this password is needed to login via both the web interface and the utility application. After changing any parameters, you need to press the [Apply] button on the bottom of the page.



Figure 1.2

Click the [WEP] link on the left in order to access the 64/128-bit encryption configuration.

For HEX (0-9, A-F) "Key Format", the security is enabled by entering 10-digit keys for the 64-bit WEP configuration, and 26-digit keys for a 128-bit WEP configuration. Be sure to type "0x" before entering the HEX key. For ASCII "Key Format", the security is enabled by entering 5-letter keys for 64-bit WEP, and 13-letter keys for 128-bit WEP.

Note that there are 4 different keys to choose from. Choose the Key that has the encryption string you prefer. The wireless clients must be configured in this same fashion.



Figure 1.3

Click the [Access Control] link on the left in order to access and configure the MAC Address List. In the field on the right, enter the new MAC address of a client that will be allowed to access the network. The format is 12 hexadecimal digits with colons separating each pair of digits (e.g. - 00:50:BA:CA:6B:BC).

Then click the [Add] button. The page will be refreshed and the MAC address you entered will appear in the "Address List". Make sure the "Enable" radio button is selected and click the [Apply] button. (Note: The MAC Address Filtering will not take effect until the "Enable" radio button is selected)

## Firmware Update Procedure

Once you have completed the installation procedure outlined in the [Utility Installation] section of this manual, you can follow the steps below to run the firmware upgrade utility program.

Click the [Start] button, go to the [Programs] folder and click [EZ Connect Wireless AP Utility].

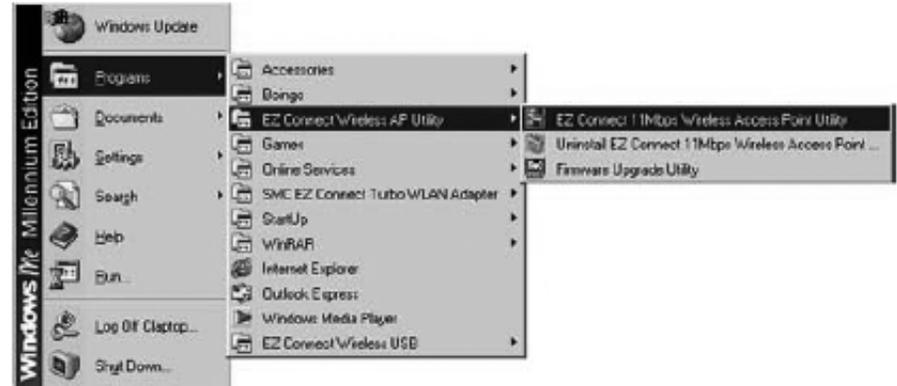


Figure 1.0

Then click the [Firmware Upgrade Utility] icon and you should see the following appear on your screen:



Figure 1.4

Click the [TCP/IP] link on the left and then click [General] to view the current IP configuration of the Access Point. You can manually enter new IP info as well in order to easily integrate the unit into your existing LAN. Then press the [Apply] button to save your changes.

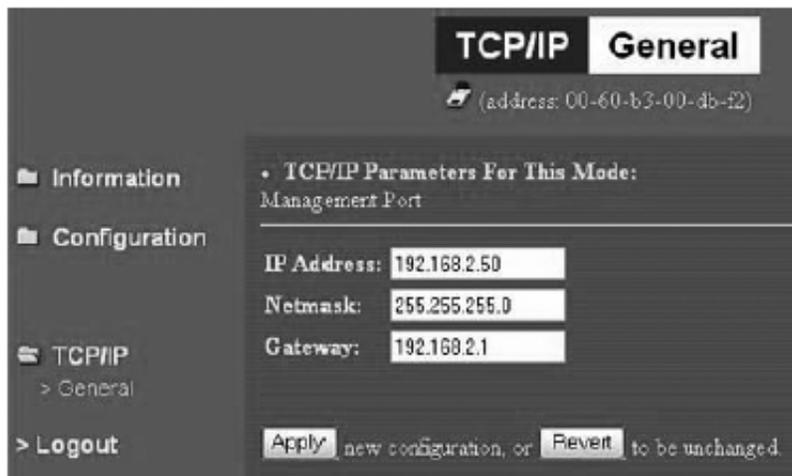


Figure 1.5



Figure 1.1



Figure 1.2

Enter the administrator password in order to log into the Access Point. Then you will see the details of the current firmware. Click the [Open File] button, browse to the folder containing the latest firmware revision, and open it. Then compare the details under the "current version" and "new version" sections to be sure that you are in fact upgrading the firmware to a more recent revision. Once you are sure you have the correct upgrade file, click the [Upgrade] button and the firmware update process will begin.

The status bar will show the level of completion.

## Restore to Factory Defaults Procedure

- 1) Locate the [Default] button on the back of the SMC2655W Access Point.
- 2) Unplug the power from the back of the AP for 10 seconds.
- 3) Depress the [Default] button for 3 seconds.
- 4) Plug the power connector into the AP while depressing the [Default] button.
- 5) Release the [Default] button after 3 seconds. Wait 3 seconds and then depress the [Default] button again.
- 6) The "LNK/ACT" and "TX/RX" LEDs will blink once per second about 10-12 times. Release the [Default] button when these LEDs begin flashing rapidly.

## Troubleshooting / FAQs

### **If mobile users do not have roaming access to the SMC2655W access point:**

Make sure that all the SMC2655Ws and stations in the ESS in which the WLAN mobile users can roam are configured to the same WEP setting, SSID, and authentication algorithm.

### **If you forgot your password or your SMC2655W has locked up, you can reset it to factory defaults by performing the following steps:**

- 1) Locate the [Default] button on the back of the SMC2655W Access Point.
- 2) Unplug the power from the back of the AP for 10 seconds.
- 3) Depress the [Default] button for 3 seconds.
- 4) Plug the power connector into the AP while depressing the [Default] button.
- 5) Release the [Default] button after 3 seconds. Wait 3 seconds and then depress the [Default] button again.
- 6) The "LNK/ACT" and "TX/RX" LEDs will blink once per second about 10-12 times. Release the [Default] button when these LEDs begin flashing rapidly.

### **What is a Wireless LAN?**

A local area network that transmits over the air typically in an unlicensed frequency such as the 2.4GHz band. A wireless LAN does not require lining up devices for line of sight transmission like IrDA. Wireless access points (base stations) are connected to an Ethernet hub or server and transmit a radio frequency over an area of several hundred to a thousand feet which can penetrate walls and other

non-metal barriers. Roaming users can be handed off from one access point to another like a cellular phone system. Laptops use wireless network cards that plug into an existing PCMCIA slot or that are self contained on PC cards, while stand-alone desktops and servers use plug-in cards (ISA, PCI, etc.).

### **What is AD-HOC?**

An AD-HOC network is a peer to peer network where all the nodes are wireless clients. As an example, two PC's with wireless adapters can communicate with each other as long as they are within range. A wireless extension point can extend the range of an AD-HOC network.

### **What is the 802.11 standard?**

A family of IEEE standards for wireless LANs first introduced in 1997. 802.11 provides 1 or 2 Mbps transmission in the 2.4GHz band using either a frequency hopping modulation (FHSS) technique or direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS), which is also known as CDMA. The 802.11b standard defines an 11 Mbps data rate in the 2.4GHz band, and the 802.11a standard defines 54 Mbps in the 5GHz band.

### **What is Infrastructure?**

In order for your wireless components to interact with traditional wired networks they need a media bridge to translate for them. This is where INFRASTRUCTURE or Network mode comes into play. An ACCESS POINT is attached to the network using CAT-5 Ethernet cable attaching to a hub, switch or another PC. Wireless PC's can then communicate to Wired Ethernet computers through this access point. The total range of the network is limited to a radius around this Access Point. To increase the range, extra Access Points may be wired into the network. These Access Points talk to each other over the hard-wired Ethernet cables however, they cannot communicate wirelessly to one another and they must be wired to the same network. Individual wireless PC's can move between Access Points on the same network seamlessly due to a feature called ROAMING.

### **What is Tx Rate?**

Tx-Rate or TRANSFER RATE is the current speed at which the network component is operating. SMC-802.11b products can operate at speeds of 1Mb, 2Mb, 5.5Mb, & 11Mbps. A wireless card set to AUTO will attempt to connect at whatever speed will give the best throughput on the network.

### **What is RTS Threshold?**

(Request To Send) An RS-232 signal sent from the transmitting station to the receiving station requesting permission to transmit. RTS is a collision avoidance method used by all 802.11b wireless networking devices. In most cases you will not need to activate or administer RTS. Only if you find yourself in an Infrastructure environment where all nodes are in range of the Access Point but may be out of range of each other. It is recommended to leave this setting at its default value leaving this feature disabled.

### **What is Authentication Algorithm?**

Authentication Algorithm is the means by which one station is authorized to communicate with another. In an Open System, any station can request authorization in accordance with the WECA standard. In a Shared key system, only stations that possess a secret encrypted key may participate in the network. This is a low level security key which allows the equipment with the shared key algorithm to see each other on the wireless lan.

### **What is DBI?**

The ability of the antenna to shape the signal and focus it in a particular direction is called Antenna Gain, and is expressed in terms of how much stronger the signal in the desired direction is, compared to the worst possible antenna, which distributes the signal evenly in all directions (an Isotropic Radiator). To express the relationship to the Isotropic reference, this is abbreviated: "dBi". The typical omni-directional "stick" antenna is rated at 6-8 dBi, indicating that that by redirecting the signal that would have gone straight up or down to the horizontal level, 4 times as much signal is available horizontally. A parabolic reflector design can easily achieve 24 dBi.

## What is WEP?

Short for Wired Equivalent Privacy, WEP is a security protocol for wireless local area networks (WLANs) defined in the 802.11B standard. WEP is designed to provide the same level of security as that of a wired LAN. LANs are inherently more secure than WLANs because LANs are somewhat protected by the physicalities of their structure, having some or all part of the network inside a building that can be protected from unauthorized access. WLANs, which are over radio waves, do not have the same physical structure and therefore are more vulnerable to tampering.

WEP aims to provide security by encrypting data over radio waves so that it is protected as it is transmitted from one end point to another. The Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) feature uses the RC4 PRNG algorithm developed by RSA Data Security, Inc.

If your wireless access point supports MAC filtering, it is recommended that you use this feature in addition to WEP (MAC filtering is much more secure than encryption).

## Technical Specifications

### Standards:

IEEE 802.11b compliant  
IEEE 802.3 (10Base-TX)

### Wireless Data Rates:

1/2/5.5/11 Mbps  
Data Modulation Techniques:  
BPSK (1 Mbps), QPSK (2 Mbps), CCK (5.5/11 Mbps)

### Operating Range:

Up to 825 ft

### Radio Signal Type:

Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS)

### Media Access Protocol:

CSMA/CA (Collision Avoidance) with ACK

### Security:

64/128-bit Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) MAC Address Filtering

### RF Frequency:

2412 MHz - 2484 MHz (Japan Band - 14 channels)  
2412 MHz - 2462 MHz (North America - 11 channels)  
2412 MHz - 2472 MHz (Europe - 13 channels)  
2457 MHz - 2462 MHz (Spain - 2 channels)  
2457 MHz - 2472 MHz (France - 4 channels)

### Operating Channel:

11 Channels (US, Canada)  
13 Channels (Europe)  
14 Channels (Japan)

### RF Output Power:

20 dBm

### Sensitivity:

-82 dBm @ 11 Mbps

**Operating Systems:**

Windows 98/Me/NT/2000/XP

**Network Management:**

Web-based Interface

Utility (Access Point Manager) - Windows-based

**Antenna Type:**

External Dipole Antenna

**LED Indicators:**

Power/Status

GREEN: Power On

Wireless Tx/Rx

Green LED blinking: Tx/Rx activity Ethernet Tx/Rx

Green LED blinking: Tx/Rx activity

**Power Voltage:**

5 Volt DC

**Dimensions:**

117 x 62 x 22 mm

**Environmental:**

Operating: 10 to 65°C

Storage: 30 to 70°C

Humidity: 5-95% non-condensing

## Wireless Access Point Maximum Distance Table

**Important Notice** – Maximum distances posted below are actual tested distance thresholds. However, there are many variables such as barrier composition and construction, as well as local environmental interference that may impact your actual distances and cause you to experience distance thresholds far lower than those posted below. If you have any questions or comments regarding the features or performance of this product, or if you would like information regarding our full line of wireless products, visit us on the web at [www.smc.com](http://www.smc.com), or call us toll-free at 800.SMC.4YOU. SMC Networks stands behind every product sold with a 30-day satisfaction guarantee and a limited-lifetime warranty.

SMC 802.11b Wireless AP Maximum Distance Table				
Environmental Condition	Speed and Distance Ranges			
	11 Mbps	5.5 Mbps	2 Mbps	1 Mbps
<b>Outdoors:</b> A line-ofsight environment with no interference or obstruction between the Access Point and users.	128 m (422 ft)	152 m (502 ft)	167 m (551 ft)	250 m (825 ft)
<b>Indoors:</b> A typical office or home environment with floor to ceiling obstructions between the Access Point and users.	27 m (90 ft)	31 m (102 ft)	32.5 m (107 ft)	33 m (109 ft)

## Glossary

**10BaseT** - Physical Layer Specification for Twisted-Pair Ethernet using Unshielded Twisted Pair wire at 10Mbps. This is the most popular type of LAN cable used today because it is very cheap and easy to install. It uses RJ-45 connectors and has a cable length span of up to 100 meters. There are two versions, STP (Shielded Twisted Pair) which is more expensive and UTP (Unshielded Twisted Pair), the most popular cable. These cables come in 5 different categories. However, only 3 are normally used in LANs, Category 3, 4 and 5. CAT 3 TP (Twisted Pair) cable has a network data transfer rate of up to 10Mbps. CAT 4 TP cable has a network data transfer rate of up to 16Mbps. CAT 5 TP cable has a network data transfer rate of up to 100Mbps.

**Access Point** - A device that is able to receive wireless signals and transmit them to the wired network, and vice versa - thereby creating a connection between the wireless and wired networks.

**Ad Hoc** - An ad hoc wireless LAN is a group of computers, each with LAN adapters, connected as an independent wireless LAN.

**Adapter** - A device used to connect end-user nodes to the network; each contains an interface to a specific type of computer or system bus, e.g. EISA, ISA, PCI, PCMCIA, CardBus, etc.

**Auto-Negotiation** - A signaling method that allows each node to define its operational mode (e.g., 10/100 Mbps and half/full duplex) and to detect the operational mode of the adjacent node.

**Backbone** - The core infrastructure of a network. The portion of the network that transports information from one central location to another central location where it is unloaded onto a local system.

**Base Station** - In mobile telecommunications, a base station is the central radio transmitter/receiver that maintains communications with the mobile radiotelephone sets within its range. In cellular and personal communications applications, each cell or micro-cell has its own base station; each base station in turn is interconnected with other cells' bases.

**BSS** - BSS stands for "Basic Service Set". It is an Access Point and all the LAN PCs that are associated with it.

**CSMA/CA** - Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance

**DHCP** - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. This protocol automatically configures the TCP/IP settings of every computer on your home network.

**DNS** - DNS stands for Domain Name System, which allows Internet host computers to have a domain name (such as www.smc.com) and one or more IP addresses (such as 192.34.45.8). A DNS server keeps a database of host computers and their respective domain names and IP addresses, so that when a domain name is requested (as in typing " www.smc.com" into your Internet browser), the user is sent to the proper IP address. The DNS server address used by the computers on your home network is the location of the DNS server your ISP has assigned.

**DSL** - DSL stands for Digital Subscriber Line. A DSL modem uses your existing phone lines to transmit data at high speeds.

**Ethernet** - A standard for computer networks. Ethernet networks are connected by special cables and hubs, and move data around at up to 10 million bits per second (Mbps).

**ESS** - ESS (ESS-ID, SSID) stands for "Extended Service Set". More than one BSS is configured to become an Extended Service Set. LAN mobile users can roam between different BSSs in an ESS (ESS-ID, SSID).

**Fast Ethernet NIC** - Network interface card that is in compliance with the IEEE 802.3u standard. This card functions at the media access control (MAC) layer, using carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD).

**Fixed IP** - (see Static IP)

**Full-Duplex** - Transmitting and receiving data simultaneously. In pure digital networks, this is achieved with two pairs of wires. In analog networks, or digital networks using carriers, it is achieved by dividing the bandwidth of the line into two frequencies, one for sending, one for receiving.

**Hub** - Central connection device for shared media in a star topology. It may add nothing to the transmission (passive hub) or may contain electronics that regenerate signals to boost strength as well as monitor activity (active/intelligent hub). Hubs may be added to bus topologies; for example, a hub can turn an Ethernet network into a star topology to improve troubleshooting.

**IP Address** - IP stands for Internet Protocol. An IP address consists of a series of four numbers separated by periods, that identifies an single, unique Internet computer host. Example: 192.34.45.8.

**ISP** - Internet Service Provider. An ISP is a business that provides connectivity to the Internet for individuals and other businesses or organizations.

**LAN** - A communications network that serves users within a confined geographical area. It is made up of servers, workstations, a network operating system and a communications link. Servers are high-speed machines that hold programs and data shared by network users. The workstations (clients) are the users' personal comput-

ers, which perform stand-alone processing and access the network servers as required. Diskless and floppy-only workstations are sometimes used, which retrieve all software and data from the server. Increasingly, "thin client" network computers (NCs) and Windows terminals are also used. A printer can be attached locally to a workstation or to a server and be shared by network users. Small LANs can allow certain workstations to function as a server, allowing users access to data on another user's machine. These peer-to-peer networks are often simpler to install and manage, but dedicated servers provide better performance and can handle higher transaction volume. Multiple servers are used in large networks. The message transfer is managed by a transport protocol such as TCP/IP and NetBEUI. The physical transmission of data is performed by the access method (Ethernet, Token Ring, etc.), which is implemented in the network adapters that are plugged into the machines. The actual communications path is the cable (twisted pair, coax, optical fiber) that interconnects each network adapter.

**MAC Address** - MAC (Media Access Control) A MAC address is the hardware address of a device connected to a network.

**MDI / MDI-X** - Medium Dependent Interface - Also called an "uplink port," it is a port on a network hub or switch used to connect to other hubs or switches without requiring a crossover cable. The MDI port does not cross the transmit and receive lines, which is done by the regular ports (MDI-X ports) that connect to end stations. The MDI port connects to the MDI-X port on the other device. There are typically one or two ports on a device that can be toggled between MDI (not crossed) and MDI-X (crossed).

**Medium Dependent Interface – X (crossed)** - A port on a network hub or switch that crosses the transmit lines coming in to the receive lines going out.

**NAT** – (Network Address Translation) This process allows all of the computers on your home network to use one IP address. The NAT capability of the Barricade, allows you to access the Internet from any computer on your home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from your ISP. Network Address Translation can be used to give multiple users access to the Internet with a single user account, or to map the local address for an IP server (such as Web or FTP) to a public address. This secures your network from direct attack by hackers, and provides more flexible management by allowing you to change internal IP addresses without affecting outside access to your network. NAT must be enabled to provide multi-user access to the Internet or to use the Virtual Server function.

**Packet Binary Convolutional Code(tm) (PBCC)** - A modulation technique developed by Texas Instruments Inc. (TI) that offers data rates of up to 22Mbit/s and is fully backward compatible with existing 802.11b wireless networks.

**PCI** - Peripheral Component Interconnect - Local bus for PCs from Intel that pro-

vides a high-speed data path between the CPU and up to 10 peripherals (video, disk, network, etc.). The PCI bus runs at 33MHz, supports 32-bit and 64-bit data paths, and bus mastering.

**PPPoE** - Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. Point-to-Point Protocol is a method of secure data transmission originally created for dial-up connections. PPPoE is for Ethernet connections.

**Roaming** - A function that allows your to move through a particular domain without losing network connectivity.

**Static IP** - If your Service Provider has assigned a fixed IP address; enter the assigned IP address, subnet mask and the gateway address provided by your service provider.

**Subnet Mask** - A subnet mask, which may be a part of the TCP/IP information provided by your ISP, is a set of four numbers configured like an IP address. It is used to create IP address numbers used only within a particular network (as opposed to valid IP address numbers recognized by the Internet).

**TCP/IP** - Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. This is the standard protocol for data transmission over the Internet.

**TCP** - Transmission Control Protocol - TCP and UDP (User Datagram Protocol) are the two transport protocols in TCP/IP. TCP ensures that a message is sent accurately and in its entirety. However, for real-time voice and video, there is really no time or reason to correct errors, and UDP is used instead.

**UDP** - User Datagram Protocol - A protocol within the TCP/IP protocol suite that is used in place of TCP when a reliable delivery is not required. For example, UDP is used for real-time audio and video traffic where lost packets are simply ignored, because there is no time to retransmit. If UDP is used and a reliable delivery is required, packet sequence checking and error notification must be written into the applications.

# A New Vision In Connectivity

## Featured Products

Thank you for purchasing SMC products! Users who have purchased the SMC2655W have also purchased the following devices:

SMC-7004FW



The Barricade™ Plus Cable/DSL Broadband Router (7004FW) is the ideal networking solution for both the home and business user. Easily connect this router to the Internet in minutes using SMC's new 3-Click Install Wizard. This platform independent multi-function router combines a 4-port 10/100 Mbps dual-speed switch, robust Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) firewall, and Virtual Private Network (VPN) support into one convenient product.

To complement the incorporated SPI firewall functions, the Barricade Plus Router has a built-in VPN tunnel that supports IPSec and PPTP Client/Server connectivity. This VPN functionality is the perfect solution for remotely accessing a network securely by establishing an authenticated and encrypted tunnel over the Internet. No matter what connection you set up, you can be well assured that your data is being transmitted and exchanged in the most secure manner. This integrated VPN connection is an ideal solution for both individuals who telecommute from home or small offices that need to create a single VPN connection to securely connect remote offices, but do not want the hassle of a confusing server set-up.

SMC2208USB/ETH



SMC's family of USB products offers a convenient and cost-effective means of bringing straightforward peripheral connectivity to the desktop based on the Universal Serial Bus (USB). These products feature true plug-and-play connection of PC peripherals "outside the box" and mark a significant advance in desktop cable management. Using the **EZ Connect™ USB/Ethernet Converter** you can simplify PC connections in the home, office or on the road.



**SMC6505TX**

SMC's EZ Switch™ 10/100s are dual-speed desktop network switches that are as easy to install and use as an ordinary hub, with the added dimension of dramatically improving network performance by offering speeds up to 200 Mbps per port. Moreover, the 5 port, SMC-EZ6505TX features Auto MDI/MDI-X on each port, providing added functionality and ease of use.



**SMC6624M**

Winner of PC Magazine's Editor's Choice Award, and voted among the magazine's "Best of 2001" networking products, the SMC TigerStack™ II 10/100 Managed Switch (SMC6624M) is an ultra-fast highperformance switch. This managed switch has a 24-fixed port design that supports auto-MDIX 10/100 connections with a non-blocking switch fabric of 9.6Gbps. For added functionality, the TigerStack II provides two expansion slots that can support Gigabit copper, 100BASE-FX fiber, or 1000BASE-T/SX/LX fiber modules. With the purchase of optional stacking kits, the TigerStack II can be stacked up to 16 units high, providing easy management for up to 386 ports under a single IP address.

The SMC TigerStack II is the perfect switch to provide traffic security and an efficient use of network bandwidth. It supports an integrated Web-based management configuration system that is easily accessed by using any standard Web-browser. The TigerStack II's management system supports advanced features including port or protocol based tagged VLANs, automatic GVRP VLAN registration, QoS priority queuing for real-time multimedia applications, IGMP to prevent flooding of IP multicast traffic, and LACP to facilitate linking aggregation. By using this built-in management system, network managers can configure the switch to meet a wide variety of networking requirements. To complement its management system, the switch also supports advanced security features such as RMON traps or IP filtering to prevent unauthorized users' access. Combine these features with SMC's support and service, and it's not hard to see why the TigerStack II 10/100 is the ideal solution for today's networks.



**SMC7004VWBR**

The Barricade™ Wireless Cable/DSL Broadband Router (SMC7004VWBR) is the ideal networking solution for any home and business user. This platform independent multi-functional solution router combines a 4-port 10/100 Mbps dual-speed switch, an 802.11b wireless access point, Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) firewall security, network management, and Virtual Private Network (VPN) pass-through support into one convenient device. The Wireless Barricade Router is the first router in its class to offer an integrated Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) firewall. This firewall provides protection against hacker invasions, such as Denial of Service (DoS) attacks by analyzing individual data packets, as they pass through the Barricade, to ensure that only authorized packets are allowed access to the network. To control network access, parents or business owners can block certain web sites by entering either a URL address or just a keyword of the web site. In addition to these incredible features, this latest addition to the Barricade family provides hacker prevention and logging functionalities. For example, when a hacker attempts to access your network, the Barricade can alert you via email so you can take appropriate action.

The Wireless Barricade provides a 10/100 Mbps WAN port for high-speed integration into your network. Supporting NAT, the Barricade can provide simultaneous Internet access for up to 253 PCs using a single purchased IP address. To manage these connections, the Barricade has a built-in DHCP server to auto-assign IP addresses to devices on your network. To install this device, simply place the EZ 3-Click Installation CD into your CD-ROM drive and in minutes you will be surfing the web. By using the web-based management system you can configure this router to handle IP routing and port forwarding through the Virtual Server option. For added management, this router also has a full-featured Access Control option. The integrated feature allows you to filter traffic through your network based on IP and MAC address.

### FOR TECHNICAL SUPPORT, CALL:

From U.S.A. and Canada (24 hours a day, 7 days a week)  
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From Europe (8:00 AM - 5:30 PM UK Time)  
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[http://www.smc.com/index.cfm?action=tech\\_support\\_drivers\\_downloads](http://www.smc.com/index.cfm?action=tech_support_drivers_downloads)

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